

But Barnes County was in good shape to face the resulting work shortage as area women and children were already used to helping on the farm and in the community. That work ethic, along with volunteer efforts, helped fill the gaps and kept the Home Front intact for those serving elsewhere.

Patriotic posters released by the U.S. Office of War Information urged Americans to "Do with less so they'll have enough," referring to U.S. troops. Rationing programs were established and families were issued stamps to buy an allotment of every-

thing from meat, sugar, fat, butter, vegetables and fruit to gas, tires, clothing, and fuel oil.

Collection drives of scrap metal, cans, and rubber were held to be recycled for armaments. There were fund drives for the Red Cross, and

(Above left) These young local women are working on their Victory Garden, urged on by numerous nationwide posters.

(Left) Mrs. Nix and Mrs. Clark armed themselves with crowbars and salvaged 39 cannonballs weighing 50 lbs. each, set and in cement at the Woodbine Cemetery. The cannonballs were sold for scrap and the money collected was used in the war effort.

war bonds purchased to help pay for the high cost of war. Schools competed to collect the most scrap paper and metal for recycling. Women mobilized to sell war bonds to buy a 'Barnes County Bomber' while Hi-Liners participated in a 'Barnes County Jeep' campaign; both groups met their goals to send a bomber plane and three jeeps to the war front.

Victory Gardens were found in backyards, vacant lots, and public parks. Classes were held by Homemakers' Clubs and schools on the art of canning, with recipes and tips exchanged on how to make the most of rationed goods. Sewing and knitting bees were held as well as clothing and book drives for the troops.

The Home Front effort required sacrifices and cooperation as people learned to live with price controls and shortages, dealt with blackouts and brownouts, and volunteered for jobs outside their experience. It was a matter of local pride to know Valley City and Barnes County could always be counted upon to "do its part and more."

(Above) A ration book and a "Warsage" as seen at the BC Museum. "Warsages" were created by the local Auxiliary women and sold to raise funds for the troops.



Valley City Times-Record, July 18, 1942 - Valley City made an unusual contribution to the scrap iron effort by turning over its three historic cannons to the Barnes County salvage committee. Lined up in front of the Armory

of) sponsoring organizations, the W. R. C. (Women's Relief Corps), American Legion, city and park officials, Company F and the city band. A Spanish American gun tured German gun of the First World War at the right.

RATION TOKENS

BLUE





North Dakota

The Fruits

of Victory

Want more information?

Visit the Barnes County Museum at 315 Central Ave North in Downtown Valley City or scan the QR Code to connect to the Barnes County Historical Society website.

